



	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
		ledge are taken from y, to Reception, into Y	Birth to 5 Matters and I ear 1 have been cons	sion of knowledge and Development Matters v idered when planning on their individual learr	with the ELG as the er overviews to ensure	nd point for the year.
		gourumoo m	Our Wond		g je ee j .	
Topic	Marvellous me	My Family and Friends	My Community	Growing and New life	Journeys	We've got the Whol World in Our Hands
	Autumn/	Winter	Spi	ring	Su	ımmer
Key Texts	Elmer by David Mckee The Smeds and the Smoos – Julia Donaldson Hair Love The Three Little Pigs	We're Going on a Leaf Hunt- Steve Metzger The Best Diwali Ever Sonali Shah The Family Book Todd Parr The Colour Monster Anna Llenas The Christmas Story Little Red Riding Hood	On the way home-Jill Murphy Luna New Year Sequencing Story Harry and his bucketful of dinosaurs The Gruffalo Goldilocks and the Three Bears The girl and the dinosaur. (Child friendly story book about Mary Anning	Oliver's Vegetables The Very Hungry Caterpillar The Easter Story The Enormous Turnip Oi Frog! Jack and the Beanstalk	The Gruffalo Here We Are – Oliver Jeffers Whatever Next! Mae Jamerson- Little People Big Dreams Runaway Train/Oi! Get off our train We catch the bus- Katie Abey?	The Little Helpers - Paula helps prevent air pollution.(Air) The Little Helpers - Hector Cleans up the park (Land) The Hidden Space Ship (Pollution) Somebody crunched Colin (Land) Little People Big Dreams – Greta Thunberg Clean up Maya in the Rubbish Sea- Lucy Munday





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Our big	What makes you	-What festival do	How do we know	-What are the signs	-How do we get to	Why should we care
question	special and unique?	you celebrate at	about the past?	of Spring/New life?-	where to want to	for our planet?
	4	home and how?		What do plants	go in Bentley	
	What do you look like?			need to grow?	Heath/Solihull?	What is pollution an
	,				-How would we	where would we fir
					travel to another	it? (Air/Land and
					country?	•
					-How would we	water)
					travel to space?	
						How can we reduce
						Air pollution?
						How can we reduce
						Land pollution?
						How can we reduce
						water pollution?
						Tracer pointage
						What is our pledge
						the planet?
	C Off					the planet:
	Core Offer	m. Dialeam. Daale Elitt	a alicatra. E accompando lacina	a 10 ama an battlas Eli		
	Nursery Rhymes – Hicko shoulders knees and toe		e ducks, 3 culterii bur	is, to green bottles, 5 ii	тте specked подз, г п	та ште теарот, пеас
	Texts –Whatever Next, Li		The Lion Inside How To	Catch A Star Pattan	's Pumpkin Oi Froal V	Ve're going on a Rec
	Hunt, Supertato, , The Er					ve re going on a bee
Maths	Baseline	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number
	<u>Number</u>	Continue to	Develop their	Develop their	Continue to	Continue to identi
	•Subitise different	develop their	understanding	counting skills,	develop a sense of	when sets can be
	arrangements	subitising	of the counting	counting larger sets		subitised and when
	Develop counting	skills for numbers	sequence and link	as well as counting	knowing that 8 is	counting is
	skills and knowledge	within and beyond	cardinality and	actions and	quite a	necessary.
	*Compare sets of	5.	ordinality through	sounds.	lot more than 2,	• Develop
	objects by matching	* Begin to identify	the	* Explore a range	but 4 is only a little	conceptual subitisir
		missing parts for	'staircase' pattern.	of representations	bit	skills
		numbers within 5 •	*Ordering numbers	of	more than 2.	





Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Measure, space and	explore the	join in with verbal	numbers, including	*Begin to	including when using
spatial thinking	structure of the	counts beyond 20,	the 10-frame, and	generalise about	a rekenrek.
Compares size, mass	numbers 6 and 7 as	hearing the	see how doubles	'one more	
and capacity	'5 and a bit' and	repeated pattern	can be arranged in	than' and 'one less	Measure, space and
Exploring pattern	connect this to	within the	a 10-frame.	than' numbers	spatial thinking
	finger patterns.	counting numbers.	*Compare	within 10.	spatial reasoning
	* Focus on equal		quantities and		 visualise and build
	and unequal	Measure, space	numbers,	Measure, space	On the move
	groups	and spatial thinking	including sets of	and spatial	Measure, space and
	when comparing	 compare mass 	objects which	<u>thinking</u>	spatial thinking
	numbers.	compare	have	 Spatial reasoning 	spatial reasoning
	* Understand that	capacity	different attributes.	Compose and	mapping
	two equal groups	<u>Measure, shape</u>		decompose	
	can	and spatial thinking	Measure, space	Measure, space	
	be called a	Length and	and spatial thinking	and spatial	
	'double' and	height	•3D shapes	<u>thinking</u>	
	connect this to	•time	•patterns	 Spatial reasoning 	
	finger patterns.		Consolidation	Match, rotate,	
	* Sort odd and			manipulate	
	even numbers				
	according				
	to their 'shape'.				
	<u>Measure, space</u>				
	and spatial thinking				
	 Circles and 				
	triangles				
	Positional				
	language				
	Light and Dark				
	Measure, shape				
	and spatial thinking				
	•shapes with 4				
	sides				
	•time				





	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Communication & Language	• Engage in story times • Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. • Learn new vocabulary. • Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound • Engage in non-fiction books.	• Engage in story times • Develop social phrases. • Use new vocabulary through the day. • Learn new vocabulary. • Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. • Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences • Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound • Engage in nonfiction books.	• Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. • Use new vocabulary through the day. • Learn new vocabulary. • Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives. • Describe events in some detail. • Learn rhymes, poems and songs. Engage in nonfiction books. • Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound • Engage in nonfiction books.	Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Use new vocabulary in different contexts. Learn new vocabulary. Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities. Explain how things work and why they might happen Learn rhymes, poems and songs. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary	• Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. • Use new vocabulary in different contexts. • Learn new vocabulary. • Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text, some as exact repetition and some in their own words. • Learn rhymes, poems and songs. • Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary	• Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. • Use new vocabulary in different contexts. • Learn new vocabulary. • Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text, some as exact repetition and some in their own words. • Learn rhymes, poems and songs. • Listen to and talk about selected nonfiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary
Physical Development	 Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor. Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors 	 Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor. Confidently and safely use a range of large and small 	•Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor • Move energetically, such as running,	•Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor • Move energetically, such as running,	•Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor • Move energetically, such as running,	Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for





Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
and outside, alone and in a group. • Hold a pencil to make marks	apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group. • Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery. • Hold a pencil to make anticlockwise movements and retrace vertical lines showing a preference for a dominant hand.	jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. • Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery. • Hold a pencil with increasing control, showing a preference for a dominant hand.	jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. • Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery. • Hold a pencil to form recognisable letters independently.	jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. • Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases. • Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery.	themselves and others. • Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. • Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. • Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases. • Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery. • Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

In Reception children are taught how to hold a pencil using a tripod grip (enter way here). However we know that children develop at their own rate. Opportunities to strengthen fine motor skills will be provided throughout the environment and interventions will take place for children who need extra support.





	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
PSED	Being me in my world- Jigsaw	Celebrating differences - Jigsaw	Dreams and goals - Jigsaw	Healthy me - Jigsaw	Relationships - Jigsaw	Changing me - Jigsaw
	Making relationships • Enjoys playing alone, alongside and with others, inviting others to play and attempting to join others' play • Uses their experiences of adult behaviours to guide their social relationships and interactions Sense of Self	Making relationships • Shows increasing consideration of other people's needs and gradually more impulse control in favourable conditions, e.g. giving up a toy to another who wants it • Practices skills of assertion,	Making relationships • Is increasingly flexible and cooperative as they are more able to understand other people's needs, wants and behaviours Sense of Self • Recognises that they belong to different	Making relationships • Is increasingly socially skilled and will take steps to resolve conflicts with other children by negotiating and finding a compromise; sometimes by themselves, sometimes with support	Making relationships • Is increasingly socially skilled and will take steps to resolve conflicts with other children by negotiating and finding a compromise; sometimes by themselves, sometimes with support	Building relationships ELG • Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others; - Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers; - Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs. Managing self ELG • Explain the reasons for rules, know right
	 Is becoming more aware of the similarities and differences between themselves and others in more detailed ways and identifies themself in relation to social groups and to their peers Enjoys a sense of 	negotiation and compromise and looks to a supportive adult for help in resolving conflict with peers Sense of Self Enjoys a sense of	communities and social groups and communicates freely about own home and community • Shows confidence in speaking to others	Sense of self • Has a clear idea about what they want to do in their play and how they want to go about it • Shows confidence in choosing resources	Sense of Self Can describe their competencies, what they can do well and are getting better at; describing themselves in	from wrong and try to behave accordingly • Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge
	belonging through being involved in daily tasks Understanding Emotions • following rules and routines	belonging through being involved in daily tasks • Expresses a wide range of feelings in their interactions	about their own needs, wants, interests and opinions in familiar group	and perseverance in carrying out a chosen activity Attempts to repair a relationship or situation where	positive but realistic terms Understanding Emotions Is aware of behavioural expectations and	• Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly





	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Expresses a wide range of feelings in their interactions with others and through their behaviour and play, including excitement and anxiety, guilt and self-doubt Talks about how others might be feeling and responds according to their understanding of the other person's needs and wants Manage their own needs Personal hygiene	with others and through their behaviour and play, including excitement and anxiety, guilt and self-doubt • Is more able to recognise the impact of their choices and behaviours/actions on others and knows that some actions and words can hurt others' feelings • Manage their own needs Personal hygiene	Understands their own and other people's feelings, offering empathy and comfort Talks about their own and others' feelings and behaviour and its consequences Is more able to manage their feelings and tolerate situations in which their wishes cannot be met Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge Manage their own needs Personal hygiene Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally.	they have caused upset and understands how their actions impact other people Seeks support, "emotional refuelling" and practical help in new or challenging situations. • Understand their feelings and consider the feelings of others. • Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge • Manage their own needs Personal hygiene • Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally. • Think about the perspectives of others.	sensitive to ideas of justice and fairness • Seeks ways to manage conflict, for example through holding back, sharing, negotiation and compromise • Understand their feelings and consider the feelings of others. • Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge • Manage their own needs Personal hygiene • Think about the perspectives of others.	
Literacy	-Labelling body parts- initial sounds. -Writing about themselves.	-Autumn soup recipe. -Letter to Granny from the wolf; list of	-Description of a dinosaurShopping list for making porridge.	-The Gruffalo description. -Oliver's vegetables diary.	-A letter to mum about where the bear is going, how he intends to get	-Poster about sea pollution.





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Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	things to be sorry	-Sequencing the	-The Easter Story	there, what he	-Recount of snail and
	for.	story of Luna new	recount.	hopes to see and	the Whale
	-Writing a sorry	year.		when he will be	(condensed).
	card.			home (Whatever	-Diary entry of trip to
				Next!)	the seaside.
				-Non-fiction writing	-Sea poem based on
 Sometimes gives 	 Gives meaning to 	 Enjoys creating 	• Uses their	fact file about	Commotion in the
meaning to their	the marks they	texts to	developing phonic	ways to travel in	<mark>Ocean.</mark>
drawings and	make as they	communicate	knowledge to write	Bentley Heath and	
paintings	draw, write, paint	meaning for an	things such as	<mark>Solihull</mark>	
 Ascribes meanings 	and type using a	increasingly wide	labels and	Design, name and	 Write recognisable
to signs, symbols and	keyboard or touch-	range of purposes	captions, later	label a vehicle –	letters, most of which
words that they see in	screen technology	Blend sounds into	progressing to	write about	are correctly formed;
different places,	 Attempts to write 	words, so that they	simple sentences	something	 Spell words by
including those they	their own name, or	can read short	Blend sounds into	speacial that it can	identifying sounds in
make themselves	other names and	words made up of	words, so that they	<mark>do.</mark>	them and
 Includes mark 	words, using	known letter-sound	can read short		representing the
making and early	combinations of	correspondences.	words made up of	 Uses their 	sounds with a letter or
writing in their play	lines, circles and	 Starts to develop 	known letter-sound	developing phonic	letters; - Write simple
 Attempts to write 	curves, or letter-	phonic knowledge	correspondences.	knowledge to write	phrases and
their own name, or	type shapes	by linking sounds to	Read some letter	things such as	sentences that can
other names and	 Begins to break 	letters, naming and	groups that each	labels and	be read by others.
words, using	the flow of speech	sounding some of	represent one	captions, later	
combinations of lines,	into words, to hear	the letters of the	sound and say	progressing to	
circles and curves, or	and say the initial	alphabet,	sounds for them.	simple sentences	
letter-type shapes	sound in words and	identifying letters	• Read a few	• Write	
 Begins to make 	may start to	and writing	common	recognisable	
letter-type shapes to	segment the	recognisable letters	exception words	letters, most of	
represent the initial	sounds in words	in sequence, such	matched to the	which are correctly	
sound of their name	and blend them	as in their own	school's phonic	formed; • Spell	
and other familiar	together	name	programme.	words by	
words	Read individual	Uses their		identifying sounds	
	letters by saying	developing phonic		in them and	
	the sounds for	knowledge to write		representing the	
	them.	things such as		sounds with a letter	
		labels and		or letters; - Write	





	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
		• Uses their	captions, later		simple phrases and	
		developing phonic	progressing to		sentences that can	
		knowledge to write	simple sentences		be read by others.	
		things such as	• Read a few		Read some letter	
		labels and	common		groups that each	
		captions, later	exception words		represent one	
		progressing to	matched to the		sound and say	
		simple sentences	school's phonic		sounds for them.	
			programme.			
Phonics		We follow the RWI	nc scheme starting wi	th phase 2 on the 3 rd v	veek of Autumn 1.	
Understanding	Significant figures of	Significant figures	Significant figures	Significant figures	Significant figures	Significant figures of
the world	<u>focus;</u>	of focus;	of focus;	of focus;	of focus;	focus;
	Mary Seacole	Guy Fawkes	Mary Anning	Matt Baker	Mae Jamerson	David Attenborough
	Community links	Winston Churchill	Community links	Mrs Emmett	Neil Armstrong	Greta Thunburg
	Links with local people	Community links	Dippy visit	Duncan	James Watt	Community links
	who help us. Visits to	Autumn walk in the	Stickman visit	Community links	Community links	Sealife centre visit
	fire station.	community.	<u>The Natural World</u>	Visit to the farm	Going on the local	Litter picking in the
	The Natural World	Visit to local war	Changes of state-	Visit from the	bus/train	community
	The changes that	memorial with	water to ice.	Emmet's lambs	Land Rover visit	The Natural World
	happen between	poppy wreath.	Dinosaurs and	<u>The Natural World</u>	<u>The Natural World</u>	Identifying and
	Summer and Autumn.	The Natural World	fossils.	The changes of	Man-made and	classifying different
	Comparing weather	Classifying	Exploring why	Winter into Spring.	natural materials	types of fish.
	and noticing change.	hibernating and	things have	Exploring some	and why they are	Past and present
	Similarities and	nocturnal animals.	happened, how	animal life cycles	used. The changes	Comparisons of the
	differences between	Habitats of	they occurred and	and showing	between Spring	seaside in the past
	themselves and	hibernating	how we have	understanding of	and Summer- mini	and present.
	others.	animals.	come to know	classification.	beasts that may	People, culture and
	Past and present	<u>Past and present</u>	about them.	Learning parts of a	appear.	<u>communities</u>
	Toys from the past and	Discuss and explore	<u>Past and present</u>	flower and what	<u>Past and present</u>	Land and oceans-
	present. Looking at	the events of;	Dinosaurs Changes	they need to grow.	Changes to the	ways of life.
	the similarities and	Guy Fawkes	of fossils and bones	<u>Past and present</u>	world, how	Ways of travelling on
	differences between	The Christmas Story	over time.	The changes of	continents have	holiday using a simple
	them. Key events of	Remembrance	Know some	plants over time	evolved and why.	map.
	the day and in their	Day.	similarities and	and the changes	People, culture	
	lives.	Children to link their	differences	of animals being	and communities	
		current lives to	between things in	born in the Spring.		





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	People, culture and communities	those of the past, drawing on own	the past and now, drawing on their	People, culture and communities	Travelling to the beach, comparing		
	My home, my family, my interests. People who help me – police	traditions. People, culture and communities	experiences and what has been read in class.	The importance of rain and sun in farming.	holidays and experiences.		
	etc. Real life superheroes!	Exploring key features of the Arctic and Antarctic. Comparing their similarities and differences.	Lunar New Year story. Compare celebrations. People, culture and communities Ways of travelling to China	Easter story- how we celebrate and the importance to Christians.			
Expressive arts and design	-Family and self- portraitsUse natural materials to create a self- portraits Use different materials to create a family portrait.	-Bonfire night pictures Christmas cards Diwali crafts -Experiments with colour and materials.	-Create maps - Create objects from their environment Use tools safely and effectively Shares their creations.	-Make props to support story telling -Recount narratives.	-Create animal habitats using junk materialsCreate animal masks.	-Recount narratives - Make props to support story telling.	
	Music session per week.	Music session per week.	Music session per week.	Music session per week.	Music session per week.	Music session per week. • Invent, adapt and	
	 Continues to explore colour and how colours can be changed 	Continues to explore colour and how colours can be changed	Begins to build a collection of songs and dances Makes music in a	Uses their increasing knowledge and understanding of	Uses their increasing knowledge and understanding of	recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher; • Sing a range of well-	
	Develops an understanding of using lines to enclose	Develops an understanding of using lines to	range of ways, e.g. plays with sounds creatively, plays	tools and materials to explore their interests and	tools and materials to explore their interests and	known nursery rhymes and songs; • Perform songs,	
	a space, and begins to use drawing to represent actions and	enclose a space, and begins to use	along to the beat of the song they	enquiries and develop their	enquiries and develop their thinking	rhymes, poems and stories with others, and – when	
	objects based on	drawing to represent actions	are singing or	thinking • Develops their own ideas	i ii iii ikii ig	appropriate – try to	





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Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
imagination,	and objects based	music they are	through	Develops their	move in time with	
observation and	on imagination,	listening to	experimentation	own ideas through	music.	
experience	observation and	• Uses their	with diverse	experimentation		
Uses various	experience	increasing	materials, e.g. light,	with diverse		
construction materials,	Uses various	knowledge and	projected image,	materials, e.g. light,		
e.g. joining pieces,	construction	understanding of	loose parts,	projected image,		
stacking vertically and	materials, e.g.	tools and materials	watercolours,	loose parts,		
horizontally,	joining pieces,	to explore their	powder paint, to	watercolours,		
balancing, making	stacking vertically	interests and	express and	powder paint, to		
enclosures and	and horizontally,	enquiries and	communicate their	express and		
creating spaces	balancing, making	develop their	discoveries and	communicate their		
Uses tools for a	enclosures and	thinking	understanding.	discoveries and		
purpose	creating spaces	 Initiates new 	Expresses and	understanding		
Notices what other	Uses tools for a	combinations of	communicates	• Uses		
children and adults	purpose	movements and	working theories,	combinations of art		
do, mirroring what is	Begins to build a	gestures in order to	feelings and	forms, e.g. moving		
observed, adding	collection of songs	express and	understandings	and singing,		
variations and then	and dances	respond to feelings,	using a range of art	making and		
doing it spontaneously		ideas and	forms, e.g.	dramatic play,		
• Engages in	resources to create	experiences	movement, dance,	drawing and		
imaginative play	props or creates	• Chooses	drama, music and	talking,		
based on own ideas	imaginary ones to	particular	the visual arts	constructing and		
or first-hand or peer	support play	movements,	• Uses	mapping		
experiences	Plays alongside	instruments/	combinations of art	Plays		
expendices	other children who	sounds, colours	forms, e.g. moving	cooperatively as		
	are engaged in the	and materials for	and singing,	part of a group to		
	same theme	their own	making and	create, develop		
	• Plays	imaginative	dramatic play,	and act out an		
	cooperatively as	purposes • Uses	drawing and	imaginary idea or		
		combinations of art		narrative		
	part of a group to		talking,	Tidifalive		
	create, develop	forms, e.g. moving	constructing and			
	and act out an	and singing,	mapping			
	imaginary idea or	making and	Responds			
	narrative	dramatic play,	imaginatively to art			
		drawing and	works and objects,			
		talking,	e.g. this music			





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		constructing and	sounds likes		
		mapping	dinosaurs, that		
		 Introduces a 	sculpture is squishy		
		storyline or	like this [child		
		narrative into their	physically		
		play	demonstrates], that		
		• Plays	peg looks like a		
		cooperatively as	mouth		
		part of a group to	• Plays		
		create, develop	cooperatively as		
		and act out an	part of a group to		
		imaginary idea or	create, develop		
		narrative	and act out an		
			imaginary idea or		
			narrative		